ACTIVITY ANSWER KEY

Section 1

Check your answers with this Answer Key. Answers separated by commas may be in any order. Answers separated by semicolons must be in stated order. Correct all errors, then complete your next goal.



Topic 1: *Colonization*
The Mayflower Compact and Plymouth Colony

1. 66; 1620
2. (a) True
3. God; sacrifice (or risk)
4. (wording may vary) They wanted religious freedom.
5. (b) Inference
6. the Atlantic
7. (c) Virginia
8. William Brewster
9. God
10. justice, freedom
11. just; equal; colony
12. (b) the rule of law
13. John Carver
14. (b) Pilgrims and "Strangers"
15. Mayflower Compact, 41, republican (or representative)
16. covenant
17. __b__ ***subjects***
    __a__ ***tyrants***
    __c__ ***forge***
18. Mayflower Compact
19. (a) Fact
20. faith, moral values
21. *Of Plymouth Plantation*; help of God, fortitude, patience
22. The Pilgrims discovered a deserted Indian village.
23. (any order) disease, heavy snowstorms, Indian attacks
24. (b) Samoset
25. (wording may vary) A great plague killed the entire tribe (about 2,000 people).
26. _4_ showed Pilgrims the best way to plant corn and trap beaver
    _1_ taken to England and Spain as a captive
    _5_ accepted the Christian faith
    _2_ found his village and people destroyed by a plague
    _3_ helped arrange a treaty between the Pilgrims and the Wampanoag Indians
27. (a) a caring person who was sensitive to others' needs
28. community; enterprise, moral values, religious freedom
29. popcorn
30. faithfulness, loyalty, commitment, sacrifice
31. William Bradford
32. _____ produces laziness . . .
    __X__ provides incentives . . .
    __X__ owes its being to . . .
    _____ leads to government . . .
33. (b) the beginnings of Plymouth Colony
34. "*Crisis does not only develop character, it reveals it.*"



Topic 2: *Government & Economics*
The Original Thirteen:

1. (a) _E_ "We came to fish."
   (b) _R_ "We came to worship God, as we please."
   (c) _E_ "We came to search for gold."
   (d) _P_ "We came to claim land for our king and country."
   (e) _R_ "We came to evangelize the Indians."
   (f) _E_ "We came to farm the land."
   (g) _E_ "We came to obtain furs."
   (h) _P_ "The king sent us here because we could not pay our debts."
   (i) _R_ "We came to escape persecution for our spiritual beliefs."
2. (a) Fact
3. perseverance, character, hope
4. (a) True
5. five
6. Connecticut, New Hampshire, Georgia
7. New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut
8. (a) Fact
9. The Fundamental Orders of Connecticut
10. constitution; English
11. the right to vote, the right to hold office
12. (a) True
13. (wording may vary) Puritans believed that people could govern themselves if they applied Biblical truths.
14. Self-government in New England
15. Hard work, strong moral values, using money (or resources) wisely
16. (wording may vary) poor New England soil made farming unprofitable
17. New England (4), Middle (4), Southern (5)
18. (b) False
19. New York City
20. (a) varied and different
21. England
22. (b) Holland
23. 100%
24. (b) False
25. representative, 1619
26. (b) elected by eligible voters
27. To make laws for the good of the colony.
28. (wording may vary) They were the first colonial legislature to adopt a Bill of Rights.
29. (a) Fact
30. (c) categorizing, comparing and contrasting the original Colonies
31. *"If it is to be, it's up to me."*



Topic 3: *Industry & Medicine*
Industry: Seeds of Independence

1. iron industry
2. (c) gunpowder
3. _2_ first printing press and book
   _3_ first successful glass factory
   _1_ first saltworks
4. (b) a form of language
5. (any order) iron works, fishing, timber (or lumber)
6. (a) True
7. (a) True
8. 1754; 1763
9. (b) limiting where colonists could settle
10. (a) England
11. the Dutch
12. (c) to make a profit and thereby a "living"
13. (c) Navigation Acts
14. ships, warehouse, homes
15. (b) Inference
16. Sugar Act
17. Stamp
18. (wording may vary) England imposed too many restrictions on the Colonies.
19. English soldiers (or British troops); Quartering

20. William Pitt, Edmund Burke
21. (c) fair treatment . . .
22. (any four) Samuel Adams, Patrick Henry, Thomas Paine, Paul Revere, John Hancock, Joseph Warren
23. (wording may vary) A crowd taunted the British guards
24. (d) observations of mounting tensions . . .
25. Committees of Correspondence
26. (a) Indians
27. (c) The Boston Tea Party
28. _c_ 1764 Sugar Act
29. _d_ 1765 Stamp Act
30. _h_ 1765 Quartering Act
31. **_a_ 1766** Stamp Act repealed
32. _e_ 1767 Townshend Acts
33. _g_ 1770 Townshend Acts repealed
34. _b_ 1773 Tea Act
35. _f_ 1774 Intolerable Acts
36. ____ England wanted to give the colonists more political freedom.
    ____ Colonists hesitated to protest British injustices.
    _X_ Boycotting goods is an effective non-violent means to protest.
    _X_ The Intolerable Acts would lead to armed resistance.
    _X_ The colonists' main grievances had to do with economics.
    _X_ The colonists' last resort was to take up arms.
37. Massachusetts
38. _b_ prohibition
    _g_ almanac
    _d_ boycott
    _c_ sedition
    _f_ incensed
    _a_ patriot
    _e_ retaliation
39. (wording may vary) They called for a day of prayer and fasting to seek divine help; other colonies sent supplies and money to help.
40. (wording may vary) Their leaders relied on Biblical precepts.
41. (c) Overbearing taxation without representation and economic restrictions on industry kindled the flame which led to the War for Independence
42. *"Hatred is a bitter cup to drink."*



Topic 4: *Military*
George Washington: Military Strategist

1. duty; danger, hardships
2. (a) True
3. "Father of our Nation"; influential; world
4. responsibilities; Bible; ride horses
5. (wording may vary) He obtained books and taught himself.
6. (b) Inference
7. 1754; 1763; lieutenant colonel
8. (wording may vary) Braddock ignored warnings of Indian ambushes (or fighting methods)
9. George Washington
10. (wording may vary) He mentioned four bullet holes in his jacket, two horses shot from under him and that he was protected by God (Providence).
11. (wording may vary) The chief thought Washington was protected by the "Great Spirit."
12. (a) She was a rich divorcee who had never known hardship.
13. (c) Mt. Vernon
14. (c) George Washington
15. (b) humble, self-sacrificing
16. God, courage of the army
17. conquer or die
18. 1775; 8
19. The Declaration of Independence; 1776
20. helped with food, clothing, bandages, morale, nursed the sick
21. (a) True

22. wisdom; haste
23. (c) Washington's courage and leadership qualities
24. *"Courage is resistance to fear, mastery of fear, not absence of fear."*



Topic 5:
Father of His Country

1. selflessness, sacrifice, faith
2. (a) True
3. (a) True
4. hand of Providence/Heaven (or God)
5. (order and wording may vary)
   (a) in a letter to General Nelson
   (b) at the discovery of Arnold's Treason
   (c) in a letter to the President of the Continental Congress
6. (a) discipline and organization
7. (b) He used his own money to meet their needs.
8. (c) continued to drill and train his men
9. his mother; (words may vary) she was dying (of cancer)
10. (a) True
11. his mother (or Mary Washington)
12. (a) True
13. (a) True
14. (a) True
15. (a) True
16. (b) False
17. (a) Fact
18. (a) consulted wise, trustworthy people
19. (b) False
20. (a) True
21. "First in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen."
22. (c) praise
23. (any four) disciplined, organized, kind, generous, hard working, faithful, committed, determined, perseverant, observant, grateful, humble, had initiative, was courageous
24. _5_ farmed his plantation
    _4_ married Martha Custis
    _2_ became a surveyor
    _1_ studied higher math
    _6_ appointed as General over colonial troops in American War for Independence
    _8_ eulogized by Henry Lee
    _3_ served in French and Indian War
    _7_ served as first U.S. President
25. (c) Washington's moral courage and integrity throughout his lifetime
26. *"Hold yourself responsible for a higher standard than anyone else expects of you. Never [make excuses for] yourself."*